

QuartzDesk Version: 3.x

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1. Purpose

This document describes the installation and upgrade process for the QuartzDesk web application 3.x on Oracle GlassFish Application Server 4.x.

If you experience any problems installing or upgrading the QuartzDesk web application, please let us know at support@quartzdesk.com.





2. Definitions

The following table lists all acronyms and shortcuts used throughout this document.

Acronym / Shortcut	Definition
AS	Application Server.
EAR	Enterprise Application Archive. A file with .ear extension.
JAR	Java Application Archive. A file with .jar
	extension.
MVL	Java Virtual Machine.
GAC	GlassFish Administrative Console.
GAS	GlassFish Application Server.
WAR	Web Application Archive. A file with .war extension.

The following table lists all locations and properties used throughout this document.

Location / Property	Example	Description
DB_HOST	localhost	QuartzDesk web
		application database
		server host.
DB_PORT	5432	QuartzDesk web
		application database
		server port.
DB_NAME	quartzdesk	QuartzDesk web
		application database
	an a standa a la	name.
DB_SCHEIMA	quarizoesk	Quartzbesk web
		application database
	quartzdack	Schellid.
DB_03EK	qualizuesk	Qualizzesk web
	quartzdesk	Application database user.
	quartzacsk	application database user
		nassword
GAS INSTALL ROOT	/usr/local/glassfish4	GlassFish Application
		Server installation
		directory.
GAS_CONFIG	server-config	GlassFish Application
-	C C	Server configuration.
GAS_DOMAIN_NAME	domain1	GlassFish Application
		Server domain name.
GAS_DOMAIN_DIR	/usr/local/glassfish4/domains/domain1	GlassFish Application
		Server domain directory.
GAS_HTTP_HOST	localhost	GlassFish HTTP listener
		host.
GAS_HTTP_PORT	9080	GlassFish HTTP listener
		port.
WORK_DIR	/var/quartzdesk-web.work	QuartzDesk web
		application work directory.



3. Requirements

3.1 Software Requirements

3.1.1 Browser

The QuartzDesk web application GUI requires a modern JavaScript-enabled browser. Please make sure JavaScript is enabled and not blocked by third party anti-virus/anti-malware software.

The QuartzDesk web application has been tested with the following browser versions. These are also the minimum browsers versions required.

Browser	Minimum Version
Chrome	17
FireFox	10
Internet Explorer	8
Opera	12
Safari	6

3.1.2 **Operating System**

Windows XP, Windows Vista, Windows 7, Windows 8, Windows 10. Linux (any distribution) with kernel 2.6.x and above. Solaris 11.x and above.

3.1.3 Java

Sun/Oracle Java (JDK) 7, 8, 9, 10. IBM Java (JDK) 7, 8, 9. OpenJDK 7, 8, 9, 10.

3.1.4 Application Server

Oracle GlassFish Application Server 4.x.

3.1.5 Database

Database	Minimum Version	
DB2	10.1	
H2	1.3.174	
Microsoft SQL Server	2008 R2 SP1	
MySQL	5.6.4	
Oracle	10.2 (10g R2)	
PostgreSQL	9.1	

3.1.6 Database JDBC Driver

Database	JDBC Driver	
DB2	IBM DB2 JDBC 4.0 driver available at http://www-	
	01.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=swg21363866.	



H2	Database engine including the JDBC driver is available at http://www.h2database.com .
Microsoft SQL Server	Microsoft JDBC driver 4.0 for SQL Server available at http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/sqlserver/aa937724.aspx. We strongly advise against using the alternative JTDS JDBC driver because it does not support the datetime2 data type at this time. As a result, all datetime values written by the QuartzDesk web application would end up rounded up, or down. For datetime data type rounding details, please refer to http://msdn.microsoft.com/en- us/library/ms187819.aspx.
M-601	
MYSQL	http://dev.mysql.com/downloads/connector/j/.
Oracle	Oracle JDBC driver available at http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/database/features/jdbc/index- 091264.html. For a comprehensive overview of JDBC driver versions vs. supported database versions, please refer to
	http://www.oracie.com/technetwork/database/enterprise-edition/jdbc- faq-090281.html#01_02.
PostgreSQL	JDBC4 PostgreSQL driver available at http://jdbc.postgresql.org/ .

3.1.7 **QuartzDesk Web Application Archive**

To install QuartzDesk web application, you need to obtain the quartzdesk-web-x.y.z.war file. The latest version can be downloaded at <u>www.quartzdesk.com</u> (click Downloads \rightarrow Latest Release \rightarrow View files \rightarrow quartzdesk-web-x.y.z.war).

3.2 Hardware Requirements

QuartzDesk web application runs on any physical or virtualized hardware that supports the above software requirements.



4. Installation

This chapter describes the standard QuartzDesk installation. If you are only evaluating QuartzDesk, you may be interested in the **one-step installation mode** to dramatically reduce the number of required installation steps. For details, please refer to our <u>FAQs</u> (search for "one-step installation").

4.1 Database

Create a new database user named <code>quartzdesk</code> (DB_USER) with an arbitrary password (DB_PASSWORD).

Create a new QuartzDesk web application database named $quartzdesk^1$ (DB_NAME) owned by DB_USER.

In the <code>quartzdesk</code> database create a new schema named <code>quartzdesk</code> (DB_SCHEMA). The schema must be owned by DB_USER. Make the created DB_SCHEMA the default schema of DB_USER and/or add the schema to the DB_USER's schema search path.

Please contact your DBA, or refer to the database engine documentation for instructions on how to complete the above database-specific tasks.



Please note that you do not have to create any database objects (tables, keys, indices etc.) in the <code>quartzdesk</code> database / schema. These objects will be automatically created by the QuartzDesk web application during its first start.

4.2 JDBC Driver

Download and install the JDBC driver for the created database. For a list of supported JDBC drivers please refer to chapter 3.1.6.

Copy the JDBC driver JAR file(s) to GAS_DOMAIN_DIR/lib/ext directory and restart the application server.

4.3 JDBC Connection Pool

In GAC (Resources \rightarrow JDBC \rightarrow JDBC Connection Pools) create a new JDBC connection pool for the QuartzDesk database.

The following steps depend on the QuartzDesk database type and are described in the following sub-chapters.

4.3.1 **DB2**

In Step 1, enter the following values:

¹ DB2 restricts the database name length to the maximum of 8 characters. Please adjust the database name accordingly (e.g. qdesk).



General Settings

Pool Name: QuartzDeskDS Resource Type: javax.sql.ConnectionPoolDataSource Database Driver Vendor: DB2 Introspect: uncheck

Click Next.

In Step 2, enter the following values:

General Settings

Datasource Clasname: COM.ibm.db2.jcc.DB2ConnectionPoolDataSource Ping: check

Pool Settings

Initial and Minumum Pool Size: 2 Maximum Pool Size: 10 Pool Resize Quality: 2 Idle Timeout: 300 Max Wait Time: 5000

Additional Properties

portNumber: DB_PORT databaseName: DB_NAME serverName: DB_HOST user: DB_USER password: DB_PASSWORD driverType: 4 (add this property if missing)

Click Finish.

In GAC click on the created JDBC connection pool (Resources \rightarrow JDBC \rightarrow JDBC Connection Pools \rightarrow QuartzDeskDS) and click on the Advanced tab and enter the following values:

Statement Cache Size: 100

Connection Validation

Connection Validation: check Required Validation Method: table Table Name: sysibm.sysdummy1

Click Save.

4.3.2 H2



We recommend using H2 for evaluation and/or experimental purposes only. We strongly discourage using H2 in production environments.

In Step 1, enter the following values:

General Settings

Pool Name: QuartzDeskDS Resource Type: javax.sql.DataSource



Database Driver Vendor: leave empty Introspect: uncheck

Click Next.

In Step 2, enter the following values:

General Settings

Datasource Clasname: org.h2.jdbcx.JdbcDataSource Ping: check

Pool Settings

Initial and Minumum Pool Size: 2 Maximum Pool Size: 10 Pool Resize Quality: 2 Idle Timeout: 300 Max Wait Time: 5000

Additional Properties

User: DB_USER Password: DB_PASSWORD URL: jdbc:h2:file:<H2_DB_FILE_PATH>

Please note that H2 can be configured to run in various operating modes by adjusting the database URL value. For details, please refer to the H2 documentation at http://www.h2database.com/html/features.html#database_url.

Click Finish.

In GAC click on the created JDBC connection pool (Resources \rightarrow JDBC \rightarrow JDBC Connection Pools \rightarrow QuartzDeskDS) and click on the Advanced tab and enter the following values:

Statement Cache Size: 100

Connection Validation

Connection Validation: check Required Validation Method: table Table Name: dual

Click Save.

4.3.3 Microsoft SQL Server

In Step 1, enter the following values:

General Settings

Pool Name: QuartzDeskDS Resource Type: javax.sql.ConnectionPoolDataSource Database Driver Vendor: MicrosoftSqlServer Introspect: uncheck

Click Next.



In Step 2, enter the following values:

General Settings

Datasource Clasname: com.microsoft.sqlserver.jdbc.SQLServerConnectionPoolDataSource Ping: check

Pool Settings

Initial and Minumum Pool Size: 2 Maximum Pool Size: 10 Pool Resize Quality: 2 Idle Timeout: 300 Max Wait Time: 5000

Additional Properties

User: DB_USER DatabaseName: DB_NAME ApplicationName: QuartzDesk Password: DB_PASSWORD ServerName: DB_HOST PortNumber: DB_PORT

Depending on your Microsoft SQL Server configuraton, you may need to set the value of the InstanceName property.

Click Finish.

In GAC click on the created JDBC connection pool (Resources \rightarrow JDBC \rightarrow JDBC Connection Pools \rightarrow QuartzDeskDS) and click on the Advanced tab and enter the following values:

Statement Cache Size: 100

Connection Validation

Connection Validation: check Required Validation Method: table Table Name: qd_schema_update

Click Save.

4.3.4 MySQL

In Step 1, enter the following values:

General Settings

Pool Name: QuartzDeskDS Resource Type: javax.sql.ConnectionPoolDataSource Database Driver Vendor: MySql Introspect: uncheck

Click Next.

In Step 2, enter the following values:

General Settings

Datasource Clasname: com.mysql.jdbc.jdbc2.optional.MysqlConnectionPoolDataSource



Ping: check **Pool Settings** Initial and Minumum Pool Size: 2 Maximum Pool Size: 10 Pool Resize Quality: 2 Idle Timeout: 300 Max Wait Time: 5000

Additional Properties

User: DB_USER ServerName: DB_HOST Port: DB_PORT DatabaseName: DB_NAME Password: DB_PASSWORD

Click Finish.

In GAC click on the created JDBC connection pool (Resources \rightarrow JDBC \rightarrow JDBC Connection Pools \rightarrow QuartzDeskDS) and click on the Advanced tab and enter the following values:

Statement Cache Size: 100

Connection Validation

Connection Validation: check Required Validation Method: table Table Name: qd_schema_update

Click Save.

4.3.5 **Oracle**

In Step 1, enter the following values:

General Settings

Pool Name: QuartzDeskDS Resource Type: javax.sql.ConnectionPoolDataSource Database Driver Vendor: Oracle Introspect: uncheck

Click Next.

In Step 2, enter the following values:

General Settings

Datasource Clasname: oracle.jdbc.pool.OracleConnectionPoolDataSource Ping: check

Pool Settings

Initial and Minumum Pool Size: 2 Maximum Pool Size: 10 Pool Resize Quality: 2 Idle Timeout: 300 Max Wait Time: 5000



Additional Properties

User: DB_USER DatabaseName: DB_NAME Password: DB_PASSWORD ServerName: DB_HOST DriverType: thin PortNumber: DB_PORT URL: jdbc:oracle:thin:@DB_HOST:DB_PORT:ORACLE_SERVICE_NAME

Click Finish.

In GAC click on the created JDBC connection pool (Resources \rightarrow JDBC \rightarrow JDBC Connection Pools \rightarrow QuartzDeskDS) and click on the Advanced tab and enter the following values:

Statement Cache Size: 100

Connection Validation

Connection Validation: check Required Validation Method: table Table Name: dual

Click Save.

4.3.6 **PostgreSQL**

In Step 1, enter the following values:

General Settings

Pool Name: QuartzDeskDS Resource Type: javax.sql.ConnectionPoolDataSource Database Driver Vendor: Postgresql Introspect: uncheck

Click Next.

In Step 2, enter the following values:

General Settings

Datasource Clasname: org.postgresql.ds.PGConnectionPoolDataSource Ping: check

Pool Settings

Initial and Minumum Pool Size: 2 Maximum Pool Size: 10 Pool Resize Quality: 2 Idle Timeout: 300 Max Wait Time: 5000

Additional Properties

User: DB_USER ApplicationName: QuartzDesk DatabaseName: DB_NAME



Password: DB_PASSWORD ServerName: DB_HOST PortNumber: DB_PORT

Click Finish.

In GAC click on the created JDBC connection pool (Resources \rightarrow JDBC \rightarrow JDBC Connection Pools \rightarrow QuartzDeskDS) and click on the Advanced tab and enter the following values:

Statement Cache Size: 100

Connection Validation

Connection Validation: check Required Validation Method: table Table Name: qd_schema_update

Click Save.

4.4 Test JDBC Connection Pool

In GAC click on the created JDBC connection pool (Resources \rightarrow JDBC \rightarrow JDBC Connection Pools \rightarrow QuartzDeskDS). In the General tab click on the Ping button to test the JDBC connection pool.

General Advanced	Additional Properties		
Ping Succeed	ed		
Edit JDBC Conne	ction Pool Save Cancel		
Modify an existing JDBC connection pool. A JDBC connection pool is a group of reusable connections for a particular database.			
	* Indicates required field		
General Settings			
Pool Name:	QuartzDeskDS		
Resource Type:	javax.sql.ConnectionPoolDataSource		
	Must be specified if the datasource class implements more than 1 of the interface.		
Datasource Classname:	org.postgresql.ds.PGConnectionPoolDataSource		
	Vendor-specific classname that implements the DataSource and/or XADataSource APIs		
Driver Classname:			
	Vendor-specific classname that implements the java.sql.Driver interface.		
Ping:	Enabled When enabled, the pool is pinged during creation or reconfiguration to identify and warn of any erroneous values for its attributes		
Deployment Order:	100 Specifies the loading order of the resource at server startup. Lower numbers are loaded first.		
Description:			

If the JDBC connection pool test fails, an error message is displayed and an exception is logged in the application server log (GAS DOMAIN DIR/logs/server.log).



4.5 JDBC Resource

In GAC (Resources \rightarrow JDBC \rightarrow JDBC Resources) create a new JDBC resource for the QuartzDeskDS JDBC connection pool create in the previous steps.

JNDI Name: jdbc/QuartzDeskDS Pool Name: QuartzDeskDS

New JDBC Resource

OK Cancel

Specify a unique JNDI name that identifies the JDBC resource you want to create. The name must contain only alphanumeric, underscore, dash, or dot characters.

JNDI Name: * Pool Name:	jdbc/QuartzDeskI QuartzDeskDS Use the JDBC Co	DS Image to create the creater of t	ate new pools	
Description: Status: V Enabled				
Additional Pre	operties (0)			
Add Property	Delete Properties			
Select Name		Value	Description	
No items found				

Click OK.

4.6 Application Work Directory

Create a QuartzDesk web application work directory (WORK_DIR) anywhere on the local file system. The directory must be readable and writeable by the user the GAS process is running under.

Copy your QuartzDesk license key file (license.key) to WORK_DIR.



You can obtain a free 30-day trial license key at <u>www.quartzdesk.com</u> (go to Try / Purchase > Get Trial License Key).

Open the QuartzDesk web application archive (quartzdesk-web-x.y.z.war) and copy all files from the extras/work directory into WORK_DIR.



If you cannot open the WAR file directly, rename it to *.zip. Do not forget to rename the file back to *.war once you have extracted the required files.

In the following figure you can see an example of a QuartzDesk web application work directory correctly set up on a Microsoft Windows machine.

🚺 QuartzDesk

RE Administrator: C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe	
d:\var\quartzdesk-web.work>dir Volume in drive D is DISK_D Volume Serial Number is 482F-09F9	
Directory of d:\var\quartzdesk-web.work	
04.08.2017 23:27 <dir> . 04.08.2017 23:27 <dir></dir></dir>	
02.08.2017 14:06 4 276 license.key 19.06.2017 23:39 5 048 logback.xml	
04.08.2017 19:21 3 039 quartzdesk-web.properties 3 File(s) 12 363 bytes 2 Div(c) 1/ 00/ 876 (72 bytes	
2 DIF(S) 14 094 676 672 bytes free	
a: Var \quar t2desk=web.work>	Ŧ

In GAC go to Configurations \rightarrow GAS_CONFIG \rightarrow JVM Settings \rightarrow JVM Options. Add a new JVM option:

Value: -Dquartzdesk-web.work.dir=WORK_DIR

n Settings JVM Options Pr	rofiler
---------------------------	---------

JVM Options

Manage JVM options for the server. Values containing one or more spaces must be enclosed in double quotes ("value string").

Configuration Name: server-config

Option	s (37)
80	Add JVM Option Delete
Select	Value
	-Djava.awt.headless=true
	-Djava.security.policy=\${com.sun.aas.instanceRoot}/config/server.policy
	-Dquartzdesk-web.work.dir=d:\var\quartzdesk-web.work
	-Dfelix.fileinstall.disableConfigSave=false
	-Dosgi.shell.telnet.maxconn=1
	-Dfelix.fileinstall.poll=5000
	-Djava.endorsed.dirs=\${com.sun.aas.installRoot}/modules/endorsed\${path.separator}\${com.sun.aas.installRoot}
	-Dosgi.shell.telnet.port=6666
	-Dcom.sun.management.jmxremote.port=8686
	-XX:+UnlockDiagnosticVMOptions
	-Dcom.sun.enterprise.config.config_environment_factory_class=com.sun.enterprise.config.serverbeans.Appse

Save changes.

4.7 Application Configuration

Open the QuartzDesk web application configuration file WORK_DIR/quartzdesk-web.properties.

Based on the type and version of the database created in step 4.1, change the value of the db.profile configuration property according to the following table.



Database	Database Version	db.profile Value
DB2	>= 10.0	db2
H2	>= 1.3.170	h2
Microsoft SQL Server	>= 2008	mssql
MySQL (MyISAM)	>= 5.6	mysql
MySQL (InnoDB)	>= 5.6	mysql_innodb
Oracle	== 8i	oracle8
Oracle	>= 9i	oracle9
PostgreSQL	== 8.1	postgres81
PostgreSQL	>= 8.2	postgres82

Optionally, you can adjust the QuartzDesk web application logging parameters by editing the <code>WORK_DIR/logback.xml</code> configuration file. The default sample <code>logback.xml</code> configuration file makes QuartzDesk web application log under the <code>WORK_DIR/logs</code> directory that is automatically created when the web application starts. Please refer to the <u>logback Manual</u> for Logback configuration details.

4.8 Deploy Application

In GAC go to Applications.

Click the Deploy... button and select the <code>quartzdesk-web-x.y.z.war</code> file and provide the following values:

Type: Web Application

Context Root: Enter the web servlet context path for the QuartzDesk web application. We recommend using "/quartzdesk" (without quotes).

Virtual Servers: Select the virtual servers the QuartzDesk web application will be served by.

Status: Uncheck. This causes GlassFish not to start the QuartzDesk web application automatically upon its deployment. The web application will be started manually in the following step.





Deploy Applications or Modules

OK Cancel

Specify the location of the application or module to deploy. An application can be in a packaged file or specified as a directory.

ю.					
	Indica	tes	requir	red	field
				_	

Location: Packaged File to Be Uploaded to the Server						
Cho	Choose File quartzdesk-web-3.0.1.war					
	Packaged File or Directory That Is Accessible from GlassFish Server					
	Browse Files					
Browse F	Folders					
Type: * Web Applic	ation v					
Context Root:	quartzdesk					
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Paul relative to server's base ORL.					
Application Name:	quanzuesk-web-5.0.1					
virtual Servers:	server					
	Associates an Internet domain name with a physical server					
Statue	Enabled					
Status.	Allows users to access the application.					
Precompile JSPs:						
	Precompiles JSP pages during deployment.					
Run Verifier:	Verifies the syntax and semantics of the deployment descriptor. Verifier packages must be					
	installed.					
Force Redeploy:	Forces redeployment even if this application has already been deployed or already					
	exists.					
Keep State:	Retains web sessions. SFSB instances, and persistently created EJB timers between					
	redeployments.					
Deployment Order:						
	A number that determines the loading order of the application at server startup. Lower numbers are loaded first. The default is 100.					
Libraries:						
	A comma-separated list of library JAR files. Specify the library JAR files by their relative or absolute paths. Specify relative paths relative to <i>instance-root/lib/applibs</i> . The libraries are made available to the application in the order specified.					
Description:						

Click OK.

4.9 Start Application

In GAC go to Applications. Select the QuartzDesk web application deployed in the previous step. Click the Enable button to start the application and wait for the startup procedure to complete.

Check the GAS server.log log file under GAS_DOMAIN_DIR/logs for errors.



You can safely ignore the following warning messages:

```
[2017-08-04T13:59:46.644+0200] [glassfish 4.0] [WARNING] []
[org.apache.jasper.runtime.TldScanner] [tid: _ThreadID=39
_ThreadName=admin-listener(3)] [timeMillis: 1373975986644]
[levelValue: 900] [[
    PWC6351: In TLD scanning, the supplied resource
file:/D:/Java/glassfish4/glassfish/domains/domain1/applications/li
b/activation-1.1.jar does not exist
java.io.FileNotFoundException:
D:\Java\glassfish4\glassfish\domains\domain1\applications\lib\acti
vation-1.1.jar (The system cannot find the path specified)
```

Check the QuartzDesk web application logs (by default located in the $WORK_DIR/logs$ directory) for errors.

If there are no errors, point your browser to <u>http://GAS_HTTP_HOST:GAS_HTTP_PORT/quartzdesk/</u> and verify that the QuartzDesk web application GUI is accessible.

Check the version number of the deployed QuartzDesk web application.



To log in, use the default administrator login credentials:

Username: admin Password: admin123

Once logged in, you can go to Settings > Users to manage users with access to the QuartzDesk web application GUI. Users can be assigned different access permissions based on their intended roles.





In Settings > Groups, you can manage groups and assign access permissions to these groups. A group can contain users (members) who inherit access permissions of the group. A user can be a member of any number of groups.

Effective access permissions of a user are permissions associated directly with the user plus access permissions of all groups the user is a member of.





5. Upgrading

5.1 Stop Existing Application

In GAC go to Applications. Select the checkbox next to the QuartzDesk web application in the Applications list. Click the Disable button at the top of the list. Confirm this action in a dialog window that opens and wait for the action to complete.

Upon successful stopping, the Enabled flag shown next to the existing QuartzDesk web application in the Deployments list, indicates that the applications has been stopped.

Applications

Applications can be enterprise or web applications, or various kinds of modules. Restart an application or module by clicking on the reload link, this action will apply only to the targets that the application or module is enabled on.

Deploy	ed Applications (1)				
5	Deploy Undeploy	Enable Disable	ilter:	•	
Select	Name	Deployment Order	Enabled	Engines	Action
	quartzdesk-web-3.0.1	100	×	webservices, web	Redeploy Reload

5.2 Backup

Backup your QuartzDesk database. We recommend performing a full database backup.

Backup the contents of the QuartzDesk work directory.

Make sure you still have the WAR file of the existing QuartzDesk web application.

Store the backup files in a safe place so that you can restore the original QuartzDesk web application version if the need arises.

5.3 Remove Existing Application

In GAC go to Applications. Select the checkbox next to the existing QuartzDesk web application in the Applications list. Click the Undeploy button at the top of the list. Confirm this action in a dialog window that opens and wait for the action to complete.

Upon successful removal, the QuartzDesk web application disappears from the Applications list.

5.4 Deploy New Application

Deploy the new version of the QuartzDesk web application by following the deployment steps outlined in 4.8.

5.5 Start New Application

Start the new version of the QuartzDesk web application by following the steps outlined in 4.9.



6. QuartzDesk 2.x to 3.x Migration Notes

To upgrade QuartzDesk web application 2.x to 3.x, follow the upgrade steps outlined in 5.

Before deploying the new QuartzDesk web application WAR file (quartzdesk-web-x.y.z.war), as outlined in step 5.4, make sure you have implemented changes described in this chapter.

6.1 Minimum Required Java Version

QuartzDesk web application 3.x requires Java 7 or higher. Java 6 is no longer supported.

Make sure GAS is configured to use Java 7 or higher.

6.2 Rename Configuration File

The name of the QuartzDesk web application 3.x configuration file has changed from quartzdesk.properties to quartzdesk-web.properties.

Rename the existing configuration file <code>quartzdesk.properties</code> located in the QuartzDesk web application work directory.

6.3 Rename Log Files

The names of QuartzDesk web application 3.x log files have changed.

Original Log File Name (2.x)	New Log File Name (3.x)
quartzdesk.log	quartzdesk-web.log
quartzdesk-trace.log	quartzdesk-web-trace.log

To use these new log file names, edit the QuartzDesk web application logging configuration file (WORK DIR/logback.xml) and change the following lines:





Alternatively, extract the default logback.xml configuration file from the QuartzDesk web application 3.x WAR (quartzdesk-web-x.y.z.war/extras/work/logback.xml) and copy it to WORK_DIR.

6.4 Access to Monitoring URLs (REST API)

In QuartzDesk web application 2.x, the monitoring REST API URLs could be accessed by users with the QuartzDeskMonitor J2EE security role. In QuartzDesk web application 3.x, these monitoring URLs can be accessed by all authenticated users.



S) quartzdesk-test-quartz-v2-3-x-logbac	ck 🐣												
	Jobs 🛛 📜 Currently Executing Job	is 📔 📆 Planned Job Executions	Triggers	强 Trigger Misfi	es 📔 🥵 Scheduler Exe	ecution History	🖄 Scheduler Statistics	📄 🗐 Global Exect	ition Notification Rules 📔 🐯	Global Job Chai	ns 🔰 🛈 Schedu	ler Info		
2	🐚 🗄 🖃 🍰 🗎 Job grou	p 🔻 🗙 🕼	Filter: 🗹 Full-text	t query		ЯX								
	Name *	Group	Class				Job Data Map	Health	Next Fire Time		Durable I	Recoverable	Volatile	Concu
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	Description: Simple test job that di Monitoring URL: <u>https://www.guar</u>	callous concurrent avacutions rtzdesk.com/demo/monitor/guart	z/job/56/quartzdes	k-test/DisallowCond	urrentExecutionTest3ob	æ								
	InterruptibleTestJob	quartzdesk-test	com.quartz	desk.test.quartz.v2	.InterruptibleTest3ob	_	8		2017-08-08 14:16:00	0.000 CEDT	V			
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	Job10	quartzdesk-test	com.quartz	desk.test.quartz.v2	.TestJob		E		2017-08-08 14:10:00	0.000 CEDT	v			
	Job11	quartzdesk-test	com.quartz	desk.test.quartz.v2	.TestJob				2017-08-08 14:11:00	0.000 CEDT	1			
Ð	Job12	quartzdesk-test	com.quartz	desk.test.quartz.v2	.TestJob		=		2017-08-08 14:12:00	0.000 CEDT	\checkmark			
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ß	😰 Execution History 🔯 Triggers 🔞 Trigger Misfires 🔯 Satestica 🌗 Execution Notification Rules 🕻 👹 Job Chains													
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Ħ	Interruptible3obCronTrigger	quartzdesk-test	Cron Trigger	NORMAL			2016-01-01 00:00:0	0.000 CEST		2017-08-08 1	4:16:00.000 CEDT	2017-0	8-08 14:31:00.0	30 CEDT
	Description: Cron trigger that fires	every 15 minutes.												
	Property	Value												
	Cron Expression	0 1/15 * *	* ?											
	Time Zone	(UTC+01:0	0) CET											
	Monitoring URL: https://www.guar	rtzdesk.com/demo/monitor/quart	z/trigger/56/guartzi	desk-test/Interrupt	bleJobCronTrigger 🗗									

We recommend that you create a dedicated user account to access these monitoring URLs. The user account can be created in Settings \rightarrow Users in the QuartzDesk GUI.



All monitoring URLs in QuartzDesk 3.x support the HTTP Basic authentication scheme where the user's authentication credentials are passed in the Authorization HTTP header. Please note that the same authentication scheme was used by monitoring URLs in QuartzDesk 2.x.

6.5 Access to JAX-WS Endpoints

In QuartzDesk web application 2.x, all JAX-WS web service endpoints could be accessed by users with the QuartzDeskService J2EE security role. In QuartzDesk web application 3.x, these web service end points can only be accessed by authenticated users with particular access permissions.

The following table lists all JAX-WS web services and the security permissions that are required to access these web services.

JAX-WS Service	Required Permission
Connection Service	WS_CONNECTION
Security Service	WS_SECURITY
Quartz Service	WS_QUARTZ
Quartz Execution History Service	WS_QUARTZ_EXEC_HISTORY
Quartz Execution Notification Rule Service	WS_QUARTZ_EXEC_NOTIF_RULE
Quartz Job Chain Service	WS_QUARTZ_JOB_CHAIN

We recommend that you create a dedicated user account to access these JAX-WS endpoints. The user account can be created in Settings \rightarrow Users in the QuartzDesk GUI. Do not forget to assign the user the relevant permission(s).



All JAX-WS web service endpoints in QuartzDesk 3.x support the HTTP Basic authentication scheme where the user's authentication credentials are passed in the Authorization HTTP header. Please note that the same authentication scheme was used by JAX-WS endpoints in QuartzDesk 2.x.



6.6 Remove Unused Users

In GAC go to Configurations \rightarrow GAS_CONFIG \rightarrow Security \rightarrow Realms \rightarrow [name of the realm containing QuartzDesk web application 2.x users].

Click Manage Users button.

Select all users with either of the following three security roles – QuartzDeskMonitor, QuartzDeskService and QuartzDeskUser.

Click Delete button and delete all users who were previously used to access QuartzDesk web application 2.x. QuartzDesk web application 3.x no longer requires any users managed by a GAS security realm.





7. Cluster Deployment Notes

When deploying the QuartzDesk web application to a GlassFish cluster you need to follow the configuration steps described in preceding chapters. In addition to these, there are several extra configuration steps that must be performed for a cluster deployment.

7.1 HTTP Session Replication and Affinity

The QuartzDesk web application makes use of HTTP sessions and to store some short-lived and user-specific data. To achieve high-availability (HA), it is necessary to make the session data available on all application cluster members so that when one cluster member becomes unavailable, the remaining cluster members can take over and handle user requests without the user noticing any service interruption. To make the session data available on all application cluster members, the HTTP session replication process must be enabled on the cluster.



The amount of data stored by the QuartzDesk web application in an HTTP session is kept at the absolute minimum to reduce the session replication overhead. The total size of data stored in the session does not exceed 1KB.

When configuring session replication, we recommend that you also enable session affinity (stickysessions) on the load-balancer so that all user requests are preferably passed to the GlassFish instance that handled the first user request that established the session.

Please refer to the GlassFish and load-balancer documentation for details on how to configure session replication and session affinity because the actual steps may vary depending on the GlassFish cluster topology and configuration.

7.2 Shared Work Directory

We recommend that you put the QuartzDesk web application work directory, described in chapter 4.3, on a shared drive and make this work directory available to all cluster members. Not only does this make application and configuration upgrading easier, it is actually requited by all "Save" (for example, Save Log, Save Chart etc.) actions provided by the QuartzDesk web application GUI. These actions trigger two subsequent HTTP requests where the first request prepares the data and stores it in the WORK_DIR/tmp directory and the second request downloads the data and makes the browser open the Save As dialog.

During a fail-over or if the session affinity is not enabled, it can easily happen that the first request is handled by cluster member A and the second request is handled by cluster member B. If A and B are not configured to use the same WORK_DIR/tmp directory, then B will fail to serve the data prepared by A during the preceding request because the data will not be found.

7.3 Logging Configuration

If you set up your cluster to use a shared QuartzDesk web application work directory, as described in the previous chapter, you will need to edit the QuartzDesk web application logging configuration file WORK_DIR/logback.xml and decide where QuartzDesk web application instances running on individual cluster members should log. There are two options:



- 1) Logging into the same (shared) log files.
- 2) Logging into separate log files.

The QuartzDesk web application uses two log files – <code>quartzdesk-web.log</code> and <code>quartzdesk-web-trace.log</code> that are stored in <code>WORK_DIR/logs</code> directory. The following chapters discuss these two options.

7.3.1 Using Shared Log Files

In order to make individual QuartzDesk web application instances log into the same log files, you must enable the prudent mode on both file appenders used in the <code>WORK_DIR/logback.xml</code> configuration file:

```
. . .
<appender name="FILE"
class="ch.qos.logback.core.rolling.RollingFileAppender">
  <file>${logs.dir}/quartzdesk-web.log</file>
  <append>true</append>
  <prudent>true</prudent>
  . . .
</appender>
<appender name="TRACE FILE"
class="ch.qos.logback.core.rolling.RollingFileAppender">
  <file>${logs.dir}/quartzdesk-web-trace.log</file>
  <append>true</append>
  <prudent>true</prudent>
  . . .
  <!--
    We must use the TimeBasedRollingPolicy because the
    FixedWindowRollingPolicy is not supported in prudent mode!
  -->
  <rollingPolicy class="ch.qos.logback.core.rolling.TimeBasedRollingPolicy">
    <!-- daily rollover -->
    <fileNamePattern>${logs.dir}/quartzdesk-web.log.%d{yyyy-MM-
dd}</fileNamePattern>
    <!-- keep 10 days' worth of history -->
    <maxHistory>10</maxHistory>
  </rollingPolicy>
   The SizeBasedTriggeringPolicy removed because it is used only in
    conjunction with the FixedWindowRollingPolicy.
  -->
  <encoder>
    <charset>UTF-8</charset>
    <pattern>[%date] %.-1level [%thread] [%mdc] [%logger:%line] -
%msg%n</pattern>
  </encoder>
</appender>
. . .
```

For details on the Logback prudent mode, please refer to http://logback.gos.ch/manual/appenders.html#FileAppender.





Because prudent mode relies on exclusive file locks to manage concurrent access to the log files and these locks can have negative impact on the QuartzDesk web application's performance, we generally discourage using the prudent mode and shared log files.

7.3.2 Using Separate Log Files

In order to make individual QuartzDesk web application instances log into separate log files, you can use a JVM system property set on all cluster member JVMs. The value of this property must be unique for all cluster members. The property can be referred to from the <code>WORK_DIR/logback.xml</code> logging configuration file.

The following examples assume the use of the cluster.member.instanceId JVM system property, but any JVM system property name can be used.

There are two common approaches as to where the separate log files produced by individual QuartzDesk web application instances are stored:

1) Log files created under a common log root directory.

```
. . .
<appender name="FILE"
class="ch.qos.logback.core.rolling.RollingFileAppender">
  <file>${logs.dir}/quartzdesk-web-${cluster.member.instanceId}.log</file>
  <append>true</append>
  . . .
  <rollingPolicy class="ch.qos.logback.core.rolling.TimeBasedRollingPolicy">
    <!-- daily rollover -->
    <fileNamePattern>${logs.dir}/quartzdesk-web-
${cluster.member.instanceId}.log.%d{yyyy-MM-dd}</fileNamePattern>
    <!-- keep 10 days' worth of history -->
    <maxHistory>10</maxHistory>
  </rollingPolicy>
  . . .
</appender>
<appender name="TRACE FILE"
class="ch.qos.logback.core.rolling.RollingFileAppender">
  <file>${logs.dir}/quartzdesk-web-${cluster.member.instanceId}-
trace.log</file>
  <append>true</append>
  . . .
  <rollingPolicy
class="ch.qos.logback.core.rolling.FixedWindowRollingPolicy">
   <fileNamePattern>${logs.dir}/quartzdesk-web-
${cluster.member.instanceId}-trace.log.%i</fileNamePattern>
    <minIndex>1</minIndex>
    <maxIndex>5</maxIndex>
  </rollingPolicy>
  . . .
</appender>
. . .
```



2) Log files created in separate (cluster member specific) log root directories.

```
...
<!--
Logback context property logback.config.dir is set by the
LogbackInitContextListener to point to the parent directory of the Logback
configuration file (logback.xml).
-->
cyroperty name="logs.dir" value="${logback.config.dir:-
.}/${cluster.member.instanceId}/logs"/>
...
```

7.4 Internal Quartz Scheduler

The QuartzDesk web application ships with an embedded Quartz scheduler to periodically execute its internal jobs. When deploying the QuartzDesk web application to a cluster, it is necessary to **assign unique instance IDs to Quartz scheduler instances** running in the clustered QuartzDesk web application instances.

For these purposes the QuartzDesk web application configuration (quartzdesk-web.properties file) provides the

scheduler.org.quartz.scheduler.instanceIdGenerator.class configuration
property. The value of this property must be a fully-qualified class name of a Java class that
implements the org.quartz.spi.InstanceIdGenerator Quartz API interface.Quartz
API provides two out of the box implementations suitable for clustered QuartzDesk web
application deployments:

Implementation	Description
org.quartz.simpl.Hostna meInstanceIdGenerator	This implementation is suitable for QuartzDesk web application deployments where individual clustered QuartzDesk web application instances run on distinct hosts and each of these hosts is assigned a unique hostname. This is the default implementation used by the QuartzDesk
	use this instance ID generator.
org.quartz.simpl.System PropertyInstanceIdGener ator	This implementation is suitable for QuartzDesk web application deployments where some of the clustered QuartzDesk web application instances run on the same host.
	This implementation extracts the Quartz scheduler instance ID from the org.quartz.scheduler.instanceId JVM system property that must be explicitly set.
	Please refer to the GlassFish documentation for details on how to add a new JVM system property.



Please refer to the table above and optionally modify the value of the

scheduler.org.quartz.scheduler.instanceIdGenerator.class configuration
property according to the cluster configuration.

